

Seminar on Concurrency Theory

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Today

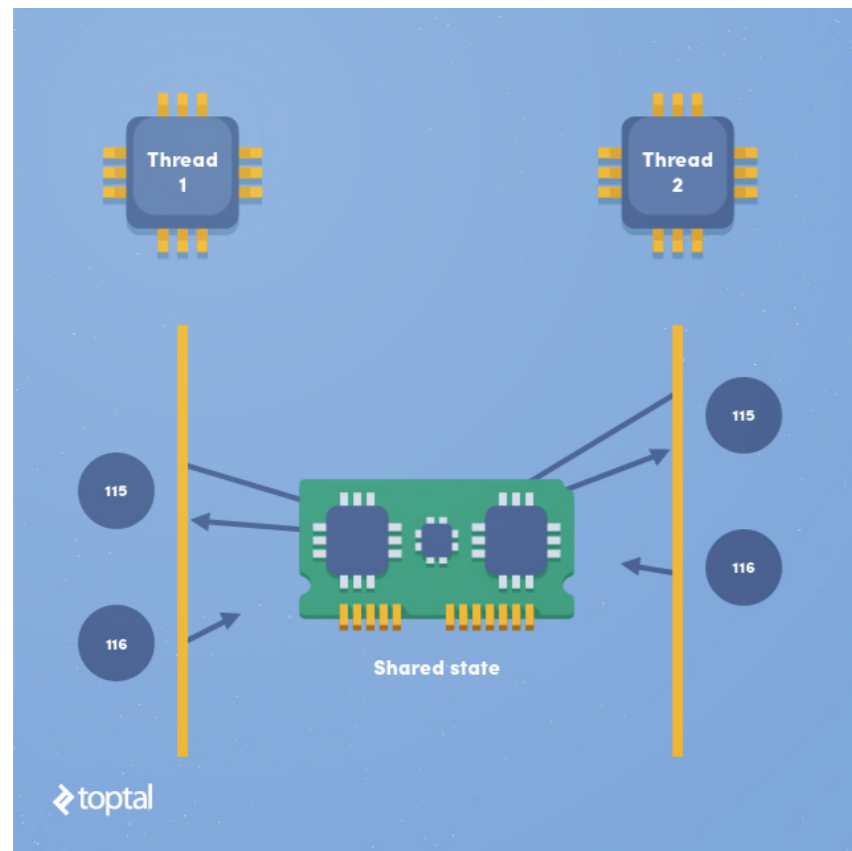
- What is this seminar about?
- Goals, requirements and logistics of the seminar

- Brief introduction to “weak memory concurrency”

Concurrency Theory

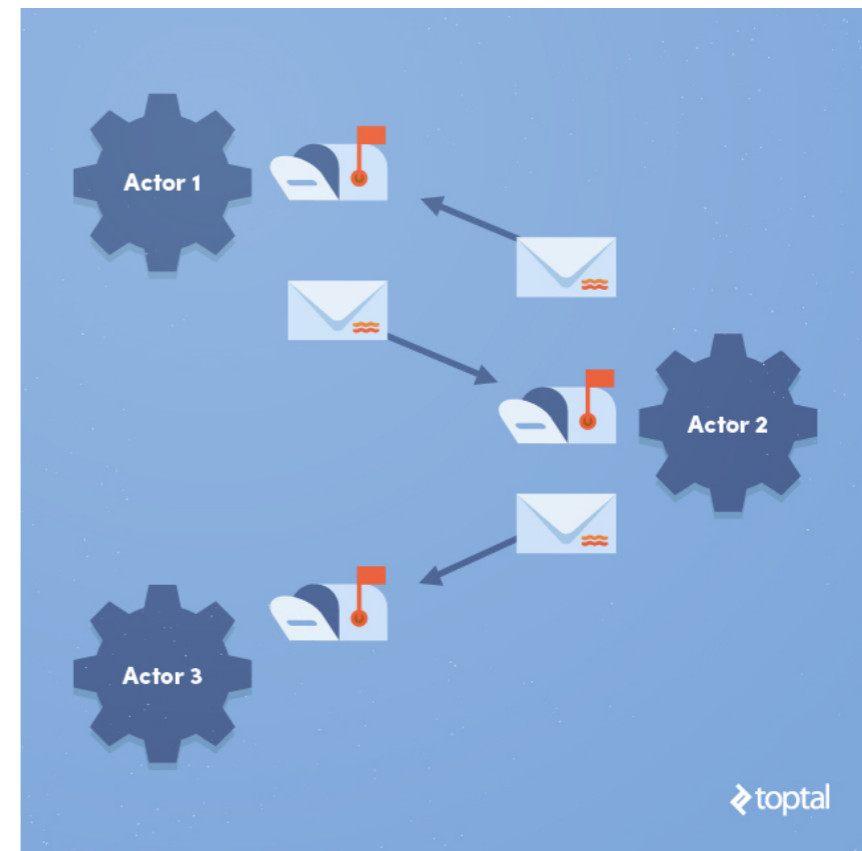
- Rigorous mathematical formalisms and techniques for **modelling** and **analysing** concurrent systems.
- Concurrent systems:
 - Concurrent programs
 - Reactive systems

Concurrent Programming



shared memory

C / C++



message passing

Erlang

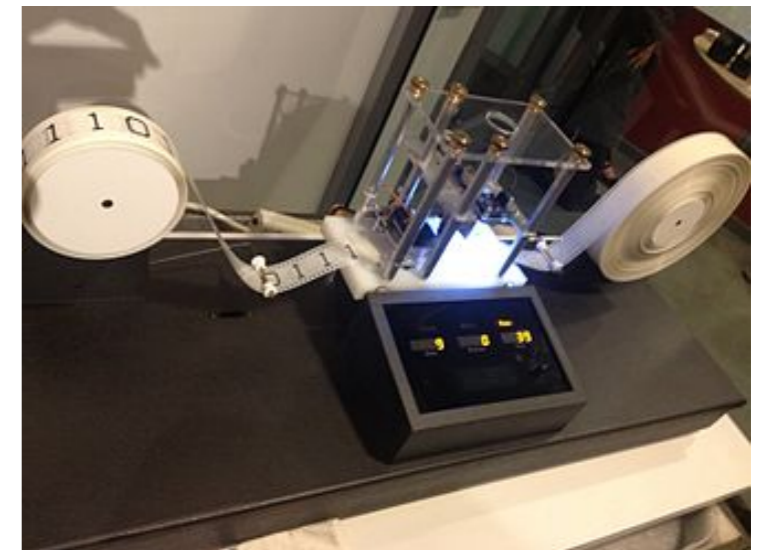
Reactive systems

The classical view

- A program transforms an input into an output.
- Denotational semantics:
the meaning of a program is a partial function:

$$\textit{States} \rightarrow \textit{States}$$

- Non-termination is **bad**.
- *Is that what we need?*



Reactive systems

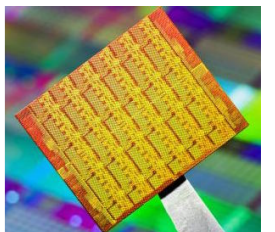
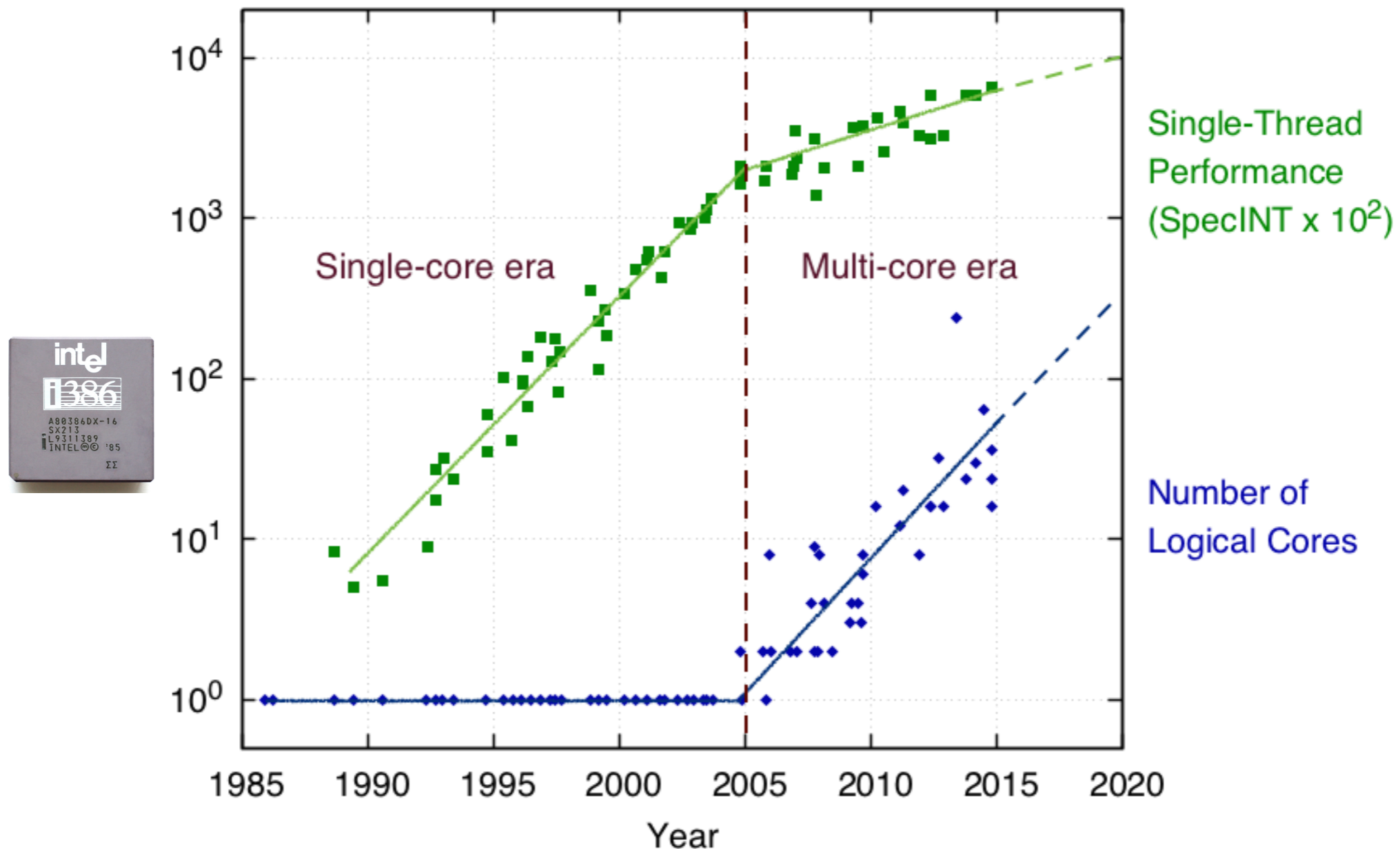
- What about: operating systems? communication protocol? control programs? database management systems? vending machines?

Reactive systems continuously reacts to the environment and influence the environment

- Key issue: **communication and interaction**.
- **Non-determinism** is often inevitable.
- Related and similar to **parallelism**.

Parallelism is here

“The Free Lunch Is Over: A Fundamental Turn Toward Concurrency in Software”. By Herb Sutter (2005)



Problem

- Concurrency is widespread, but it is also **error prone**.
- Unlike sequential programs, programmers need to take care of **synchronization, race conditions, deadlocks**, etc.
- Therac-25: Concurrent programming errors (in particular, race conditions) → accidents causing death and serious injury



- Mars Rover: Problems with interaction between concurrent tasks caused periodic software resets reducing availability for exploration

Verification

system \models specification

Testing



Formal verification

Hard to apply for concurrent systems

Even short concurrent programs are hard to analyse

Randomization

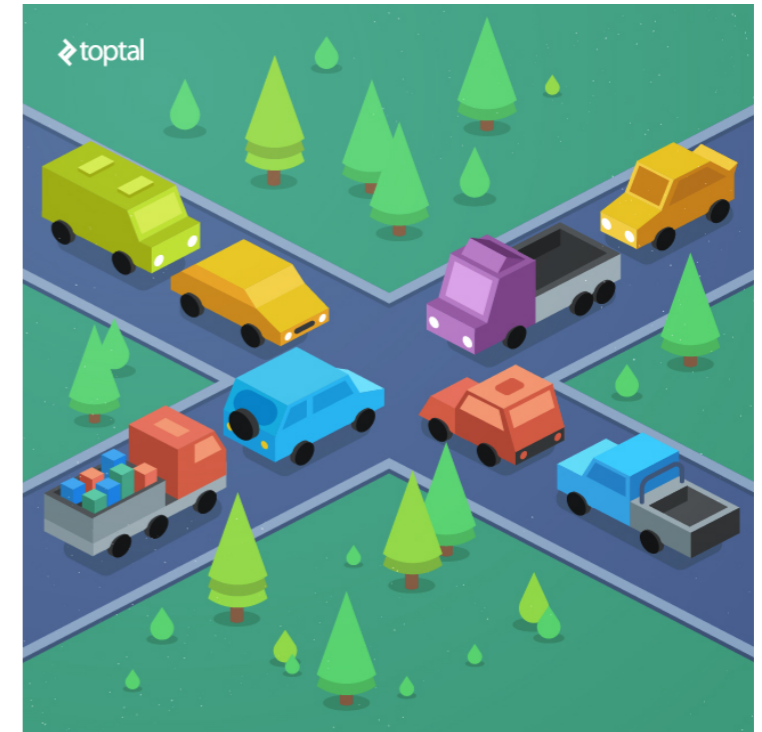
Reasoning principles

Automatic decision procedures

Compositionality

Practice

- **Modelling** and simulating concurrent systems
- Concurrent **programming**: programming languages have different concurrency models in (e.g., C, Go, Rust, Erlang)
- **Verifying** correctness to avoid expensive bugs



This seminar

Goals

- Introduction different fundamental topics in concurrency (*basis for advanced studies*)
- Independent understanding of a scientific topic
- Understanding scientific literature
- Technical presentation skills

Requirements

- Attend all meetings.
- Present one subject in a **70-90 minute talk**, based on a research paper or a chapter from a book.
- Prepare slides and/or handouts (pdf, in English), and send them to me **a week before the lecture**.
- May work in pairs (present 2 subjects).
- Discuss presentations with me (a few days) before the lecture.
- May use other sources besides the one that will be suggested (with citations).
- **Grade:** meeting these requirements; understanding of the material; quality and clarity of presentation in class; quality of the slides/handouts.
- Optional: extra short lecture (e.g., introduce an alternative model of concurrency).

Your presentations

- This is an advanced seminar: *the material is sometimes not easy and not self-contained.*
- Identify and present the crux, rather than all details.
- Demonstrate with *clear and effective examples.*
- Be *precise.*
- May (and often should) *skip proof details.*

Some tips

- Take your *time* to understand the material.
- Discuss the content with me and other students.
- Practice your talk.

Logistics

- Website:

<https://www.cs.tau.ac.il/~orilahav/seminar19/index.html>

- By next week: subject assignments
add your preferences in

<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1ZXvFFnu5ttNi0GwmYitdUoj3DOZSj88XEhbpt8lJLJk/edit>

- Speaker for next week?

Topics

see website